Monthly Water Situation Report February 2018

Natural Resources Wales

- **The monthly rainfall total for Wales during February was 80% of the Long Term Average (LTA, 1961-90). South East, South West and North Wales received 66%, 84% and 93% of the LTA, respectively.**
- **At the end of February, soil moisture deficit (SMD) values across Wales were from 0.1 to 6.1mm. Soil in all 23 squares was slightly drier than the LTA for February.**
- **For river flows in Wales, 24 out of 29 indicator sites (which had flow data available) were classed as *Normal* and 4 were classed as *Above normal*. The remaining site was *Below normal* for February.**
- **The overall cumulative reservoir storage across the indicator sites was greater than 90% at the end of February except Usk which was 84% full. All reservoirs were within normal operating ranges.**

Rainfall*

The monthly rainfall total for Wales was 80% of the LTA for February. The percentage of rainfall recorded in catchments compared with the LTA across Wales was between 54% (Lower Wye) and 113% (Ynys Mon). The rainfall total for Wales was 19.0mm less than the February LTA. For South East, South West and North Wales the rainfall totals were 66%, 84% and 93% of LTA, respectively.

Rainfall Map	National			
Rainfall Charts	National & Areas	South East Wales	North Wales	South West Wales

* using NCIC (National Climate Information Centre) data *(Source: Met Office © Crown Copyright)*

Soil Moisture Deficit/Recharge

The 23 MORECS squares had SMD values from 0.1 to 6.1mm and they were slightly drier than the LTA for February.

SMD Map	National
SMD Charts	Compare to LTA

River Flows

River flows were between *Below normal* and *Above normal* for all the indicator sites across Wales. 24 out of 29 indicator sites (which had flow data available) were classed as *Normal* and 4 were classed as *Above normal*. The remaining site was *Below normal* for February.

***South East*:** Flows in the area ranged from 54% (River Monnow at Grosmont) to 105% (River Usk at Trostrey Weir) of the February LTA values.

South West: The river flows within this area ranged from 75% (River Ewenny at Keepers Lodge) to 128% (River Taf at Clog y Fran) of the February LTA values.

***North*:** Flows in the area ranged from 74% (River Gelyn at Cynefail) to 136% (River Dwyfor at Garndolbenmaen) of the February LTA values.

River Flow Map	National
River Flow Table	% of LTA and compare to previous year
River Flow Charts	South East Wales North Wales South West Wales

Groundwater Levels

Groundwater levels for February at indicator sites (10 data available sites) were classed between *Exceptionally low* (Eastwick) to Normal *(*Pant-y-Lladron, Greenfield Garage, Pont y Cambwll, Hollybush, Dodleston Obs and Broxton Obs). 3 site was classed as *Below normal* (Fernbank, Handley and Llanfair DC).

Groundwater Map	National
Groundwater Charts	South East Wales North Wales South West Wales

Reservoir Storage

At the end of February most of the indicator reservoirs (17 out of 18) were greater than 90% full and the remaining reservoir Usk was 84% full. All reservoirs were in normal operation.

Reservoir Charts	South East Wales North Wales South West Wales

All data on Water Situation Reports are provisional, based on spot readings, and are subject to revision.

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Natural Resources Wales

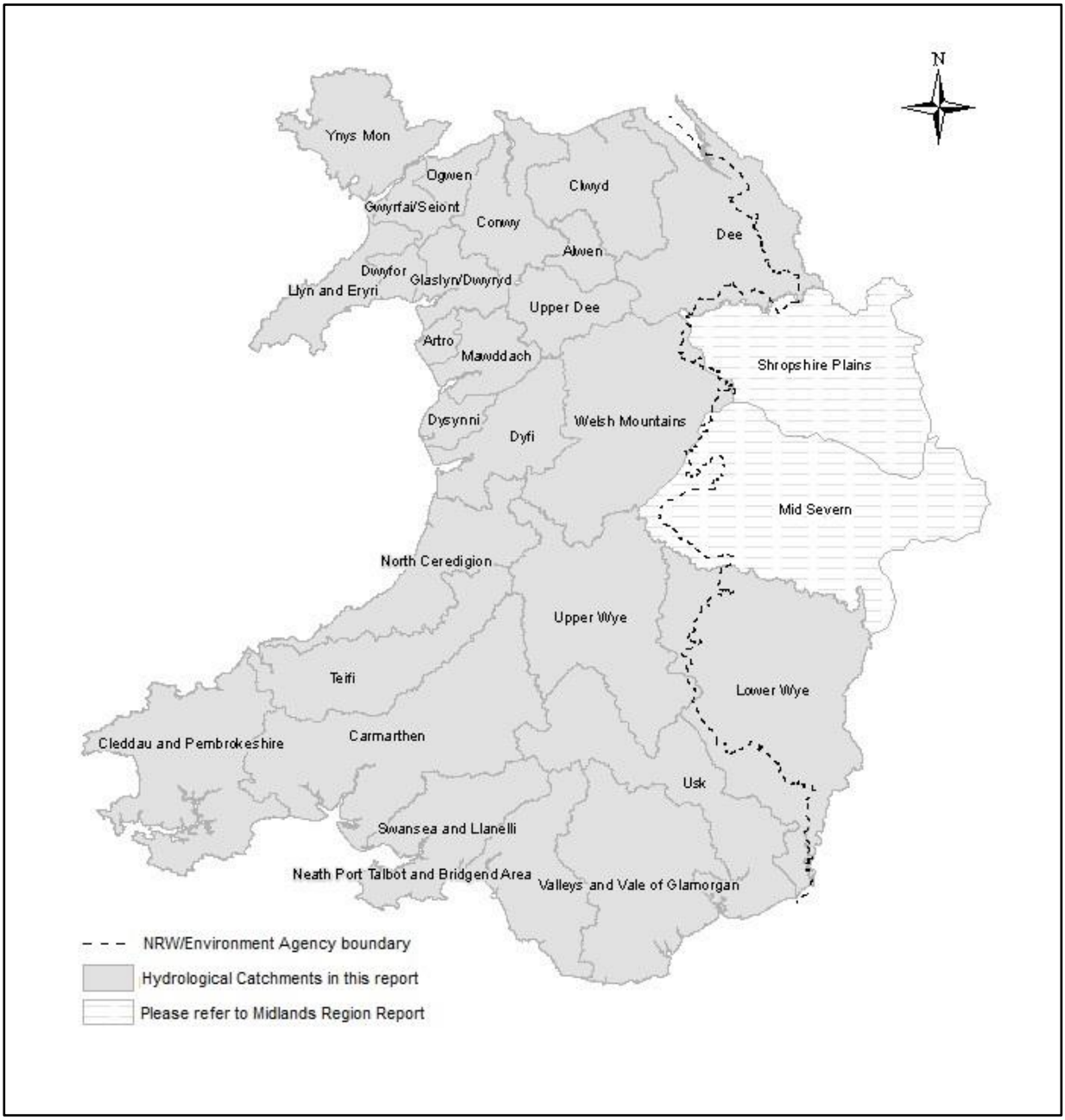

Figure 1: The Natural Resources Wales Water Situation Report features sites in the catchments shown. Parts of the Shropshire Plains and Mid Severn catchments are within Wales. For full information on these catchments, please see the Environment Agency Midlands Water Situation Report.

For areas adjoining Natural Resources Wales, please see the reports for Environment Agency Midlands and North West England:

Environment Agency - Midlands, England Water Situation Report
Environment Agency - North West, England Water Situation Report

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Rainfall

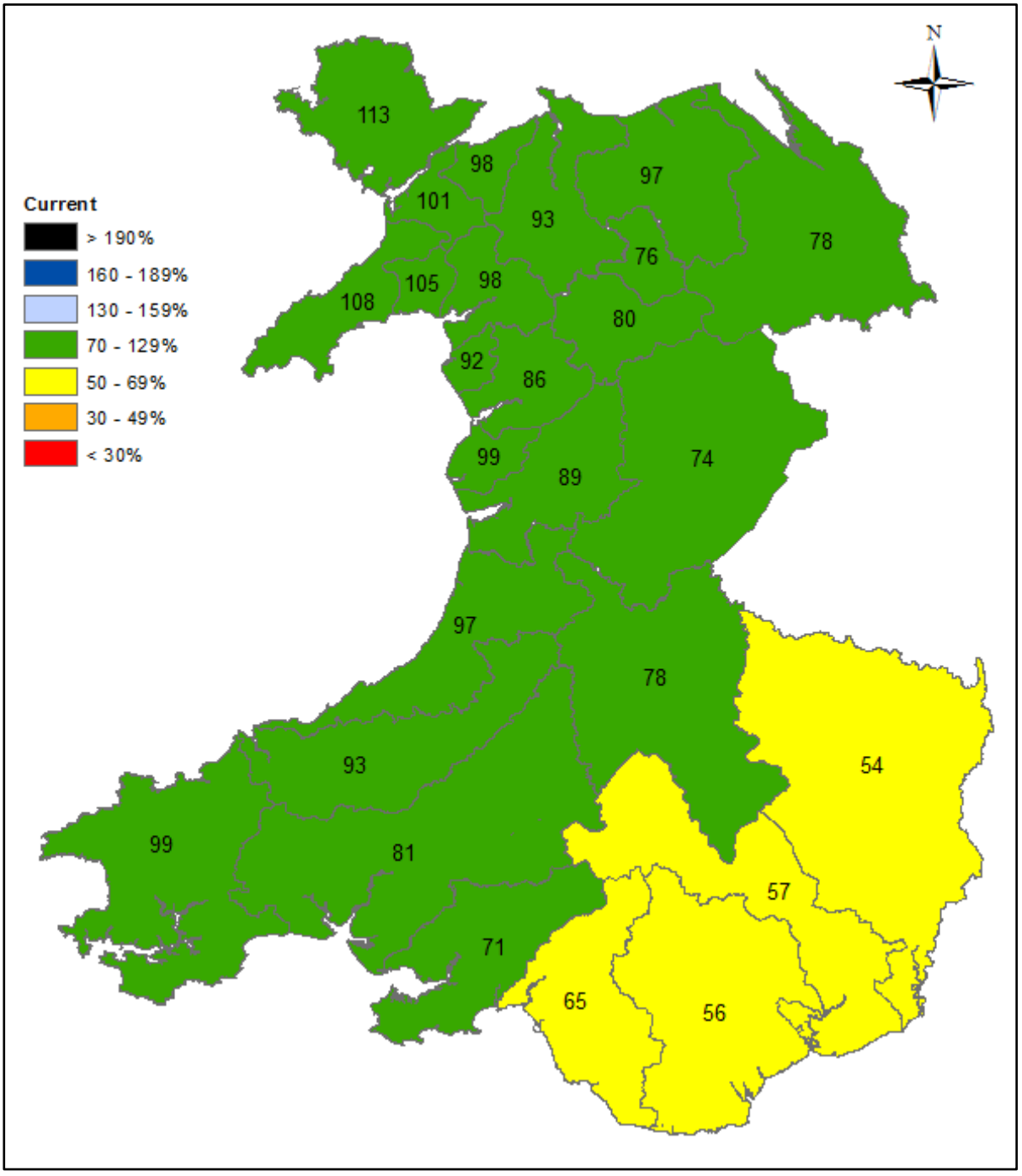

Figure 2: Calculated catchment average February rainfall totals as a percentage of the 1961-90 February long term average for Natural Resources Wales catchments, using NCIC (National Climate Information Centre) data (*Source: Met Office © Crown Copyright).*

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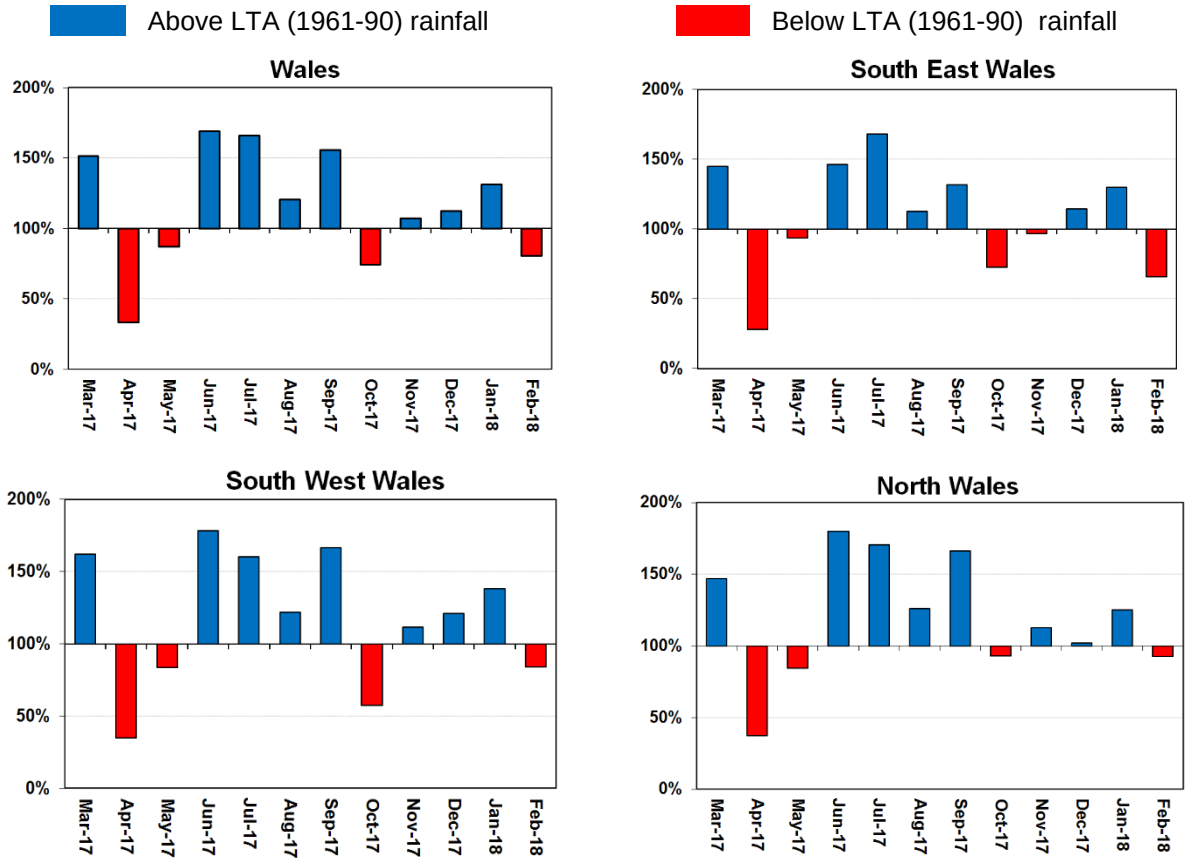
Rainfall Charts

Figure 3: Rainfall Charts: National and Areas



Comparison of monthly rainfall totals to the 1961-90 long term average expressed as percentage for Natural Resources Wales and Areas, using NCIC (National Climate Information Centre) data *(Source: Met Office © Crown Copyright).*

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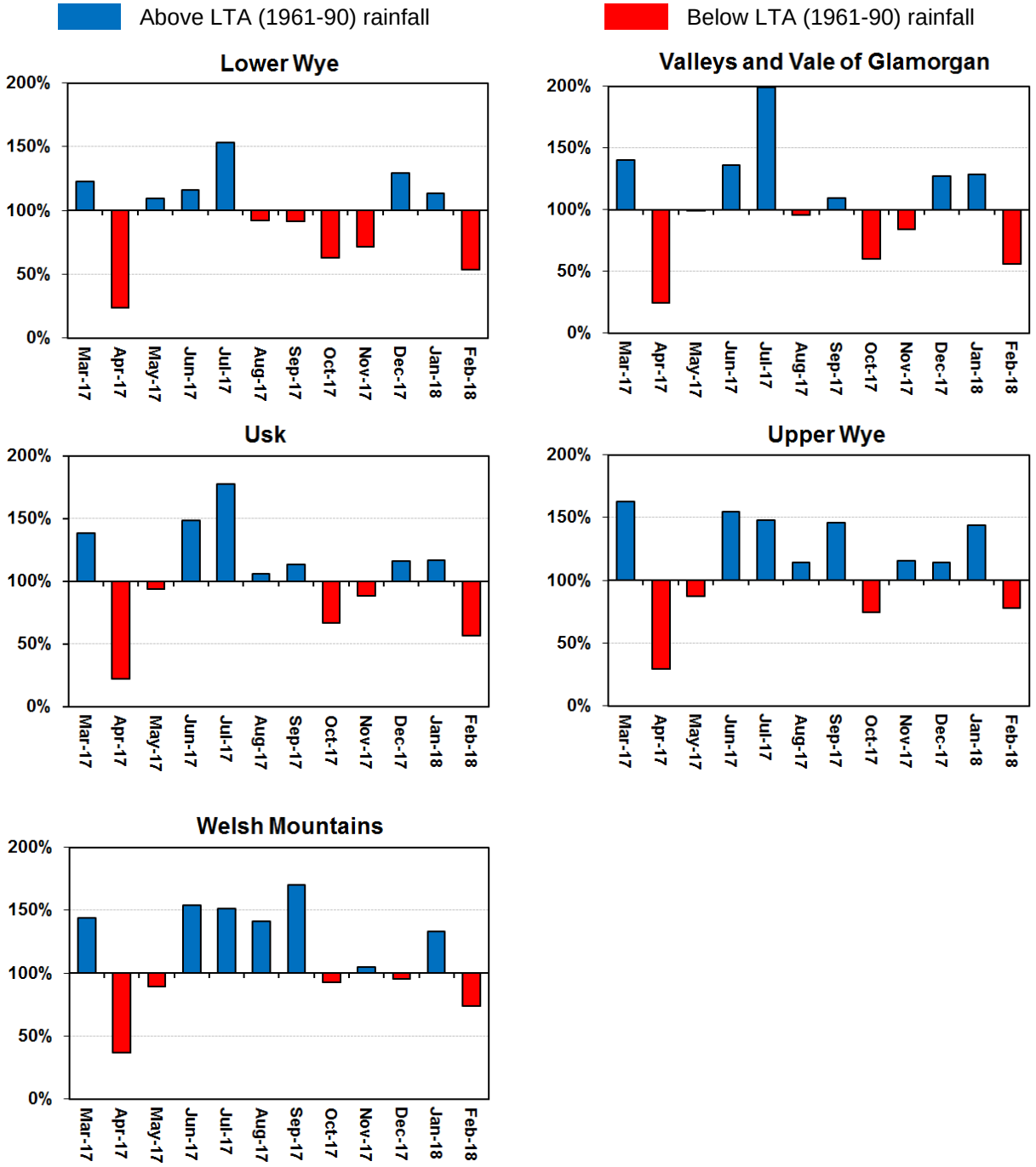
Figure 4: Rainfall Charts: South East Wales



Comparison of monthly rainfall totals to the 1961-90 long term average expressed as percentage for South East Wales, using NCIC (National Climate Information Centre) data *(Source: Met Office © Crown Copyright).*

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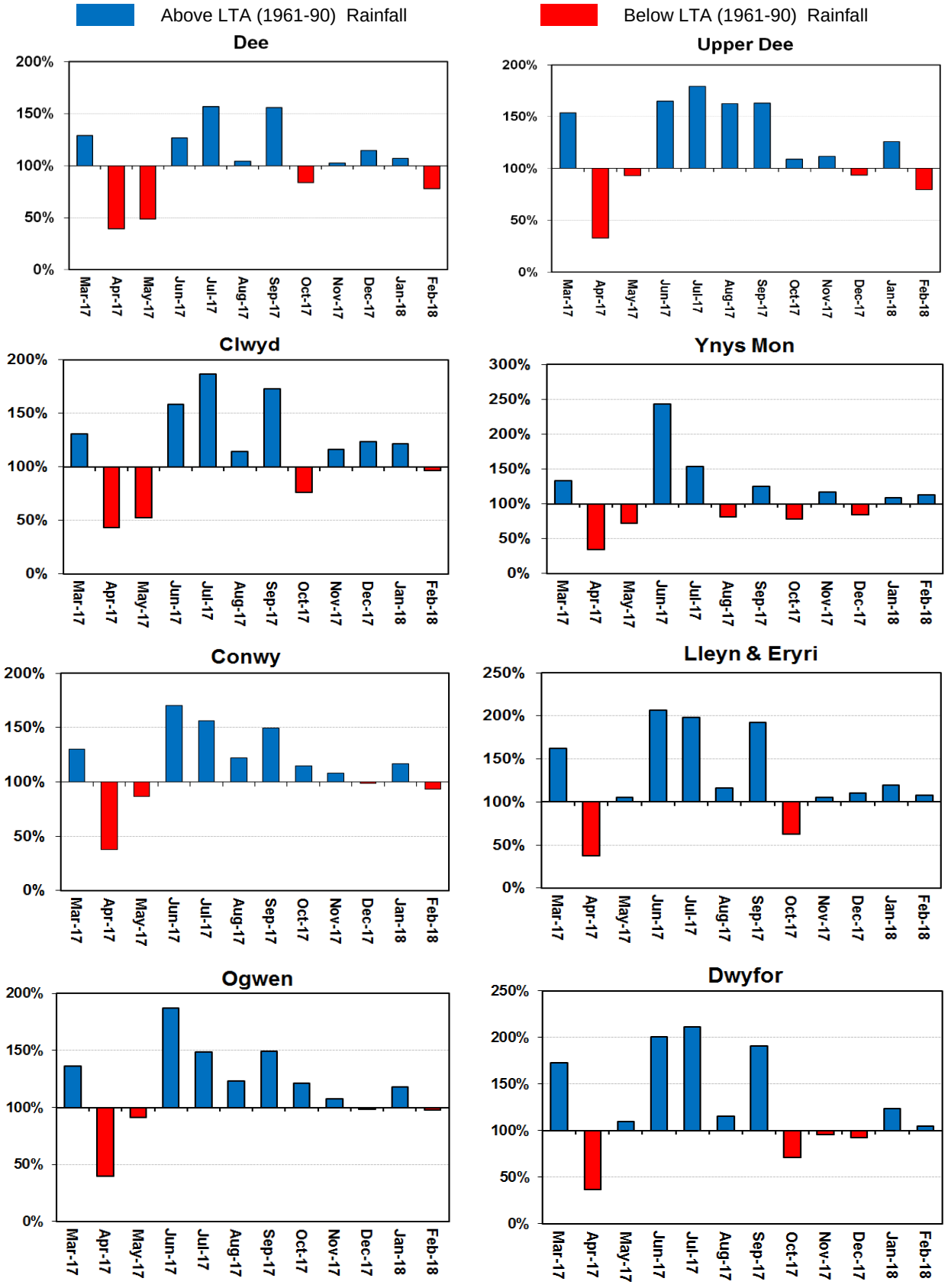
Figure 5: Rainfall Charts: North Wales



Comparison of monthly rainfall totals to the 1961-90 long term average expressed as percentage for North Wales, using NCIC (National Climate Information Centre) data *(Source: Met Office © Crown Copyright).*

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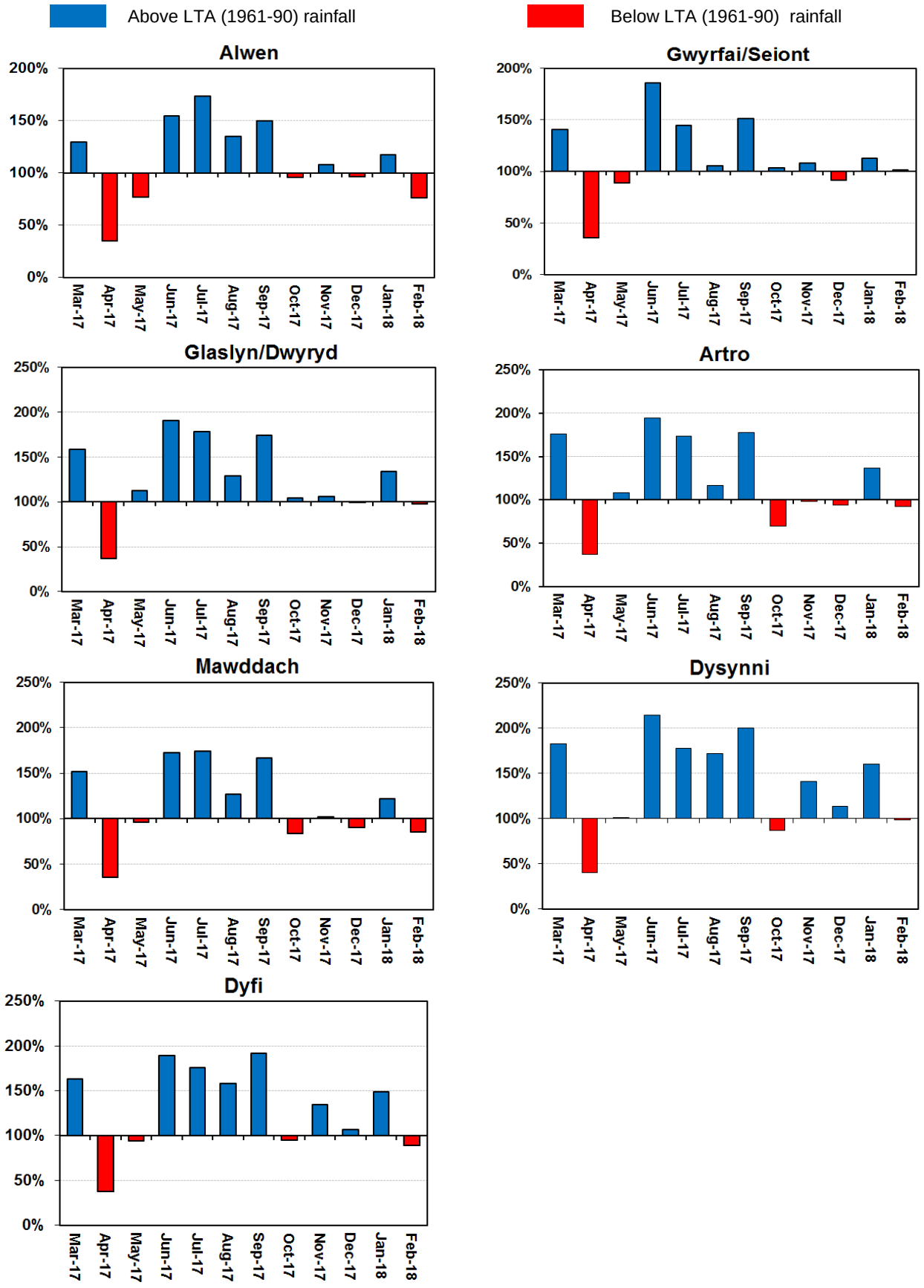

Comparison of monthly rainfall totals to the 1961-90 long term average expressed as percentage for North Wales, using NCIC (National Climate Information Centre) data *(Source: Met Office © Crown Copyright).*

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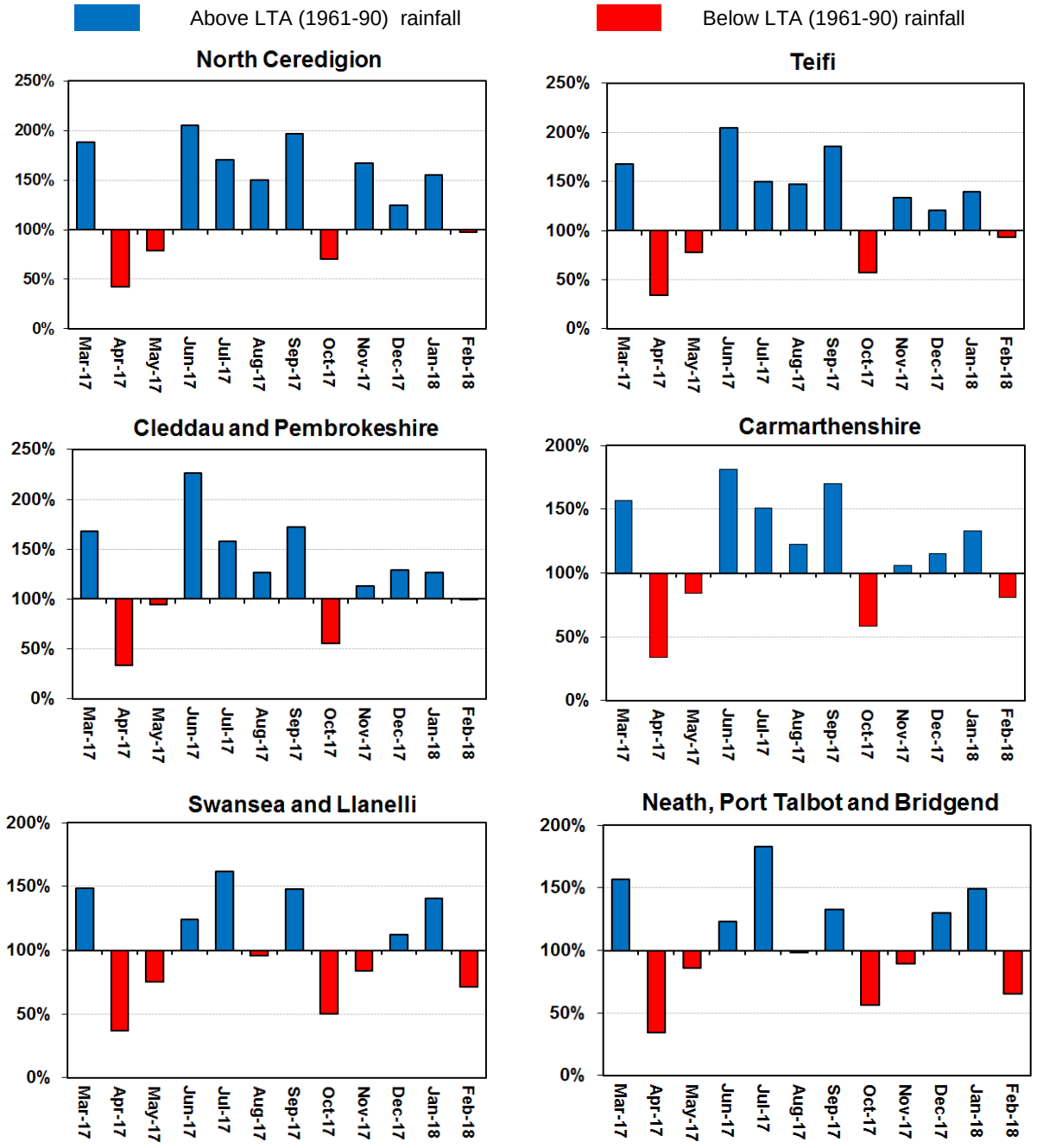
Figure 6: Rainfall Charts: South West Wales



Comparison of monthly rainfall totals to the 1961-90 long term average expressed as percentage for South West Wales, using NCIC (National Climate Information Centre) data *(Source: Met Office © Crown Copyright).*

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Soil Moisture Deficit (SMD)

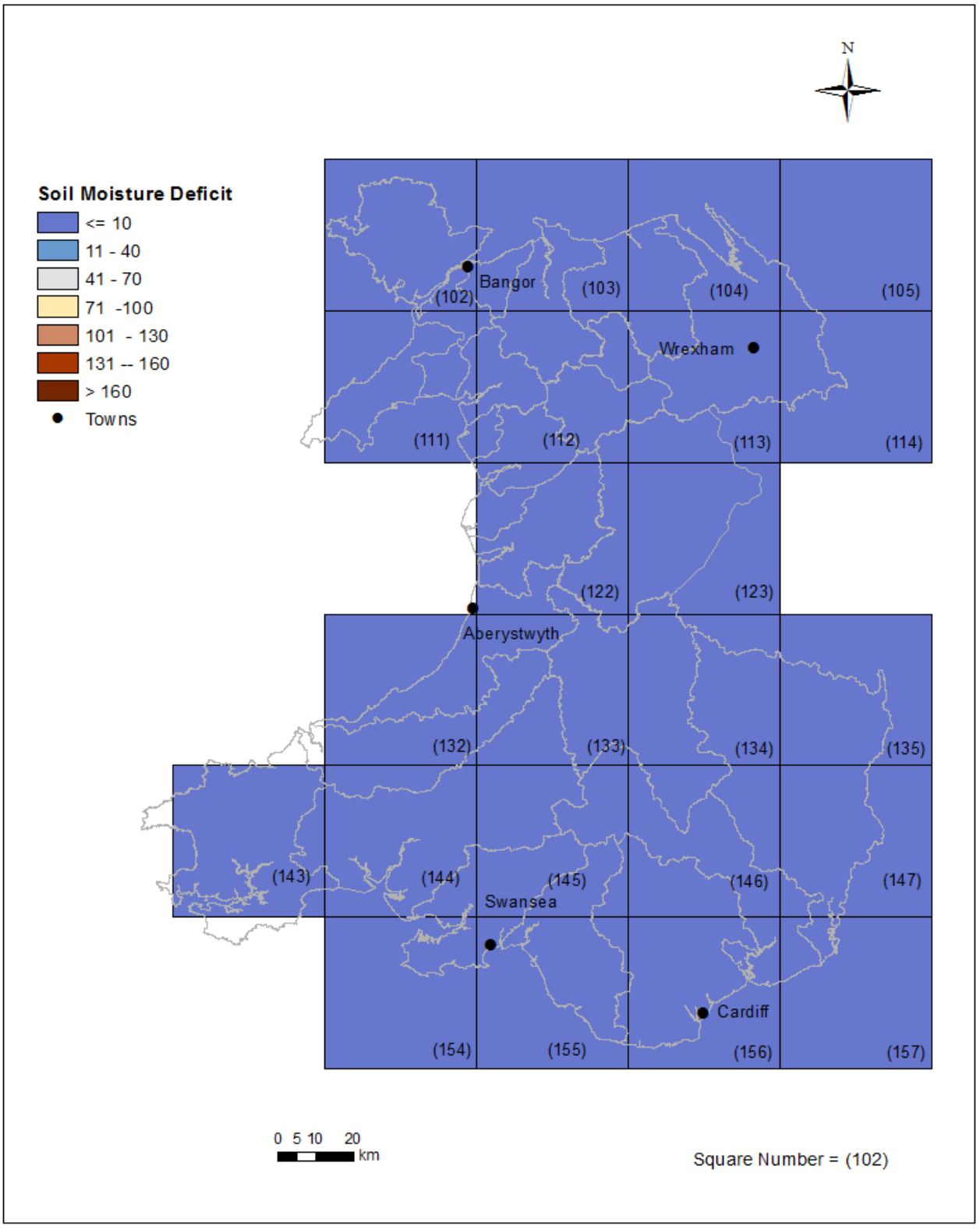

Figure 7: MORECS soil moisture deficits (mm) for February for real land use for Natural Resources Wales *(Source: Met Office © Crown Copyright).*

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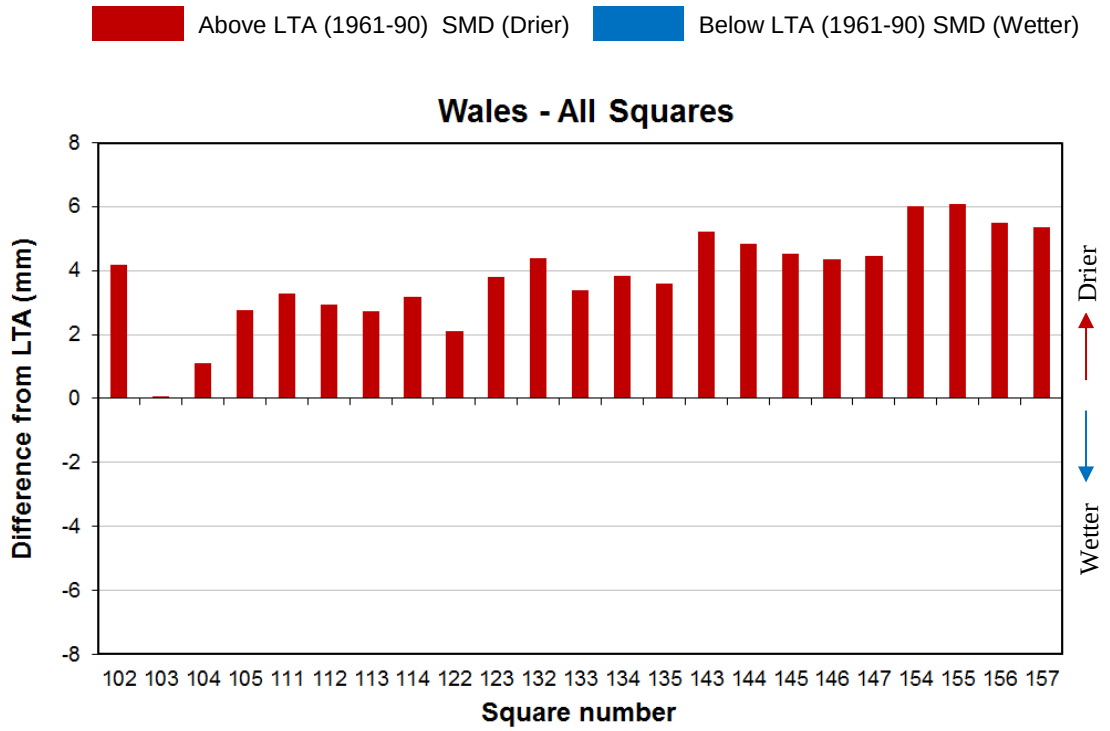

Figure 8: MORECS month end soil moisture deficits difference (mm) from the 1961-90 long term monthly average (LTA) for February for real land use for Natural Resources Wales squares (*Source: Met Office © Crown Copyright*).

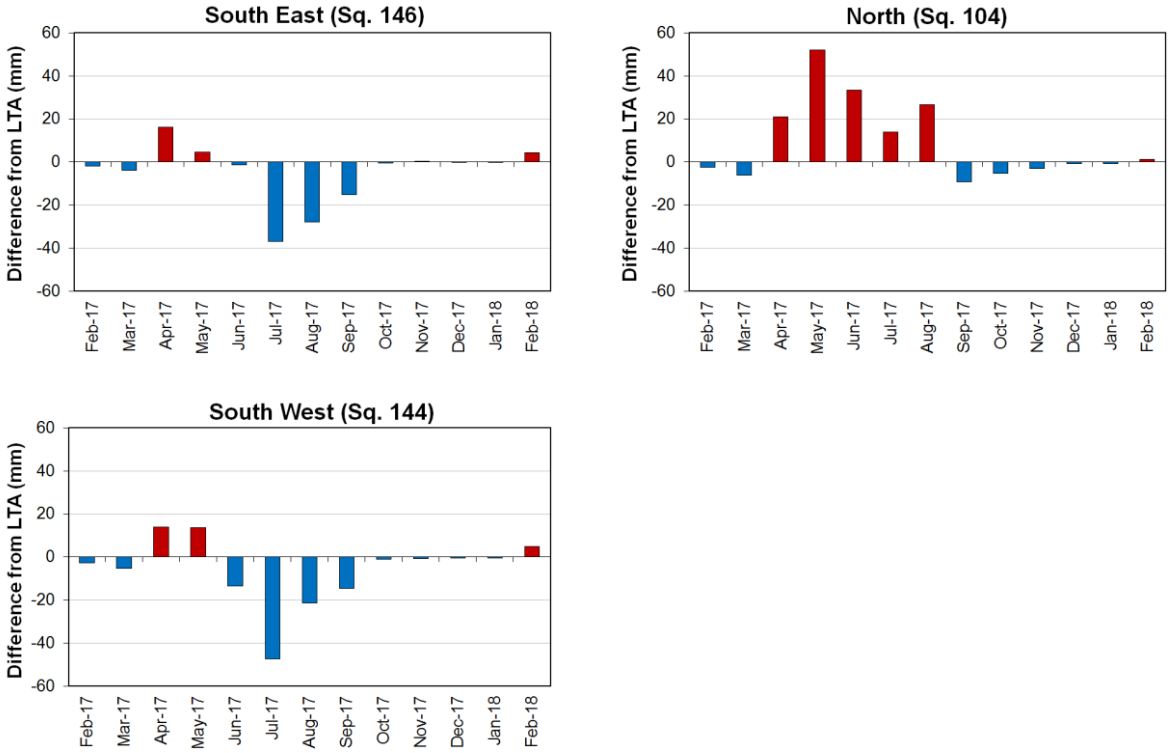

Figure 9: MORECS month end soil moisture deficit difference (mm) from the 1961-90 long term monthly average (LTA) for real land use for South East, North and South West (*Source: Met Office © Crown Copyright*). (Note: no LTA available for Natural Resources Wales.)

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River Flow

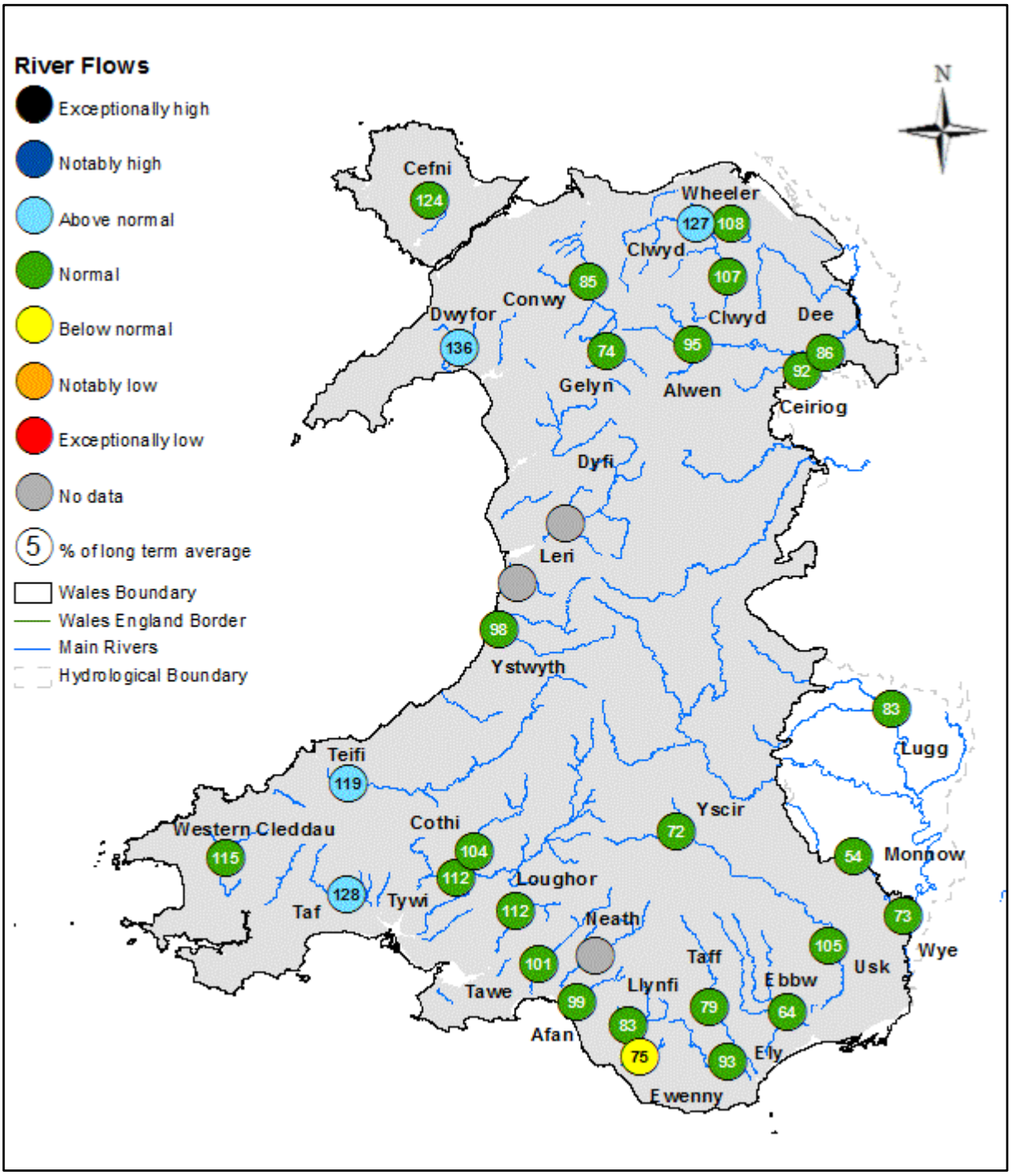

Figure 10: Monthly mean river flow for February, classed relative to analysis of historic February monthly means *(Source: Natural Resources Wales).*

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SITE NAME	RIVER	February 2018			February 2017		February LTA		
		Class	% of LTA	Flow (m3/s)	% of LTA	Flow (m3/s)	LTA	Monthly Min (m3/s)	Monthly Max (m3/s)
River Flow Sites : South East Area									
Butts Bridge	Lugg	Normal	83%	8.18	84%	8.27	9.80	3.15	22.40
Grosmont	Monnow	Normal	54%	5.47	82%	8.24	10.08	3.30	28.10
Pont ar Yscir	Yscir	Normal	72%	1.98	97%	2.68	2.76	0.74	7.98
Pontypridd	Taff	Normal	79%	22.40	99%	28.00	28.18	8.17	90.30
Redbrook	Wye	Normal	73%	87.50	92%	110.00	119.95	41.00	329.00
Rhiwderin	Ebbw	Normal	64%	6.75	88%	9.25	10.50	3.32	33.40
St Fagans	Ely	Normal	93%	5.81	100%	6.25	6.23	1.90	13.90
Trostrey Weir	Usk	Normal	105%	29.40	91%	25.46	28.12	14.20	86.20
River Flow Sites : North Area									
Bodfari	Wheeler	Normal	108%	1.14	69%	0.73	1.06	0.39	2.59
Bodffordd	Cefni	Normal	124%	0.73	103%	0.61	0.59	0.24	1.28
Brynkinalt Weir	Ceiriog	Normal	92%	4.09	77%	3.41	4.44	0.72	9.74
Cwmlanerch	Conwy	Normal	85%	20.20	116%	27.60	23.75	4.40	80.70
Cynefail	Gelyn	Normal	74%	0.67	118%	1.06	0.90	0.21	2.88
Dol y Bont	Leri						1.92	0.73	4.28
Druid	Alwen	Normal	95%	6.65	82%	5.72	6.98	2.00	21.10
Dyfi bridge	Dyfi						28.83	5.17	98.30
Garndolbenmaen	Dwyfor	Above normal	136%	4.09	112%	3.36	3.00	0.72	6.12
Manley Hall	Dee	Normal	86%	37.90	73%	32.00	43.89	12.90	124.00
Pont y Cambwll	Clwyd	Above normal	127%	12.00	82%	7.72	9.44	2.24	23.20
Ruthin Weir	Clwyd	Normal	107%	2.58	81%	1.95	2.41	0.64	6.19
River Flow Sites : South West Area									
Capel Dewi	Tywi	Normal	112%	57.90	94%	48.90	51.92	14.20	143.00
Clog y Fran	Taf	Above normal	128%	13.40	119%	12.50	10.50	3.65	27.20
Coytrahen	Llynfi	Normal	83%	2.33	104%	2.94	2.82	0.78	6.56
Felin Mynachdy	Cothi	Normal	104%	15.60	108%	16.30	15.06	3.71	41.10
Glanteifi	Teifi	Above normal	119%	46.30	124%	48.20	38.94	11.10	91.20
Keepers Lodge	Ewenny	Below normal	75%	1.86	86%	2.13	2.47	1.00	4.75
Marcroft	Afan	Normal	99%	5.77	112%	6.57	5.85	1.88	14.30
Pont Llolwyn	Ystwyth	Normal	98%	7.33	130%	9.70	7.46	2.06	22.70
Treffgarne *	Western Cleddau	Normal	115%	6.20	98%	5.30	5.40	2.23	12.19
Resolven	Neath				109%	13.50	12.36	1.87	41.00
Tir-y-Dail	Loughor	Normal	112%	3.05	104%	2.82	2.72	0.98	6.30
Ynystanglws	Tawe	Normal	101%	14.70	116%	16.90	14.56	2.45	42.60

Figure 11: Monthly mean river flow for February with comparison against previous year expressed as a percentage of the February long term average and classed relative to analysis of historic February monthly means. *(Source: Natural Resources Wales).* (* For Treffgarne station the LTAs were derived using scaled historical flows (1965-2003) from the downstream station at Prendergast Mill. There was no flow data for Resolven due to the maintainance work at the gauge station.)

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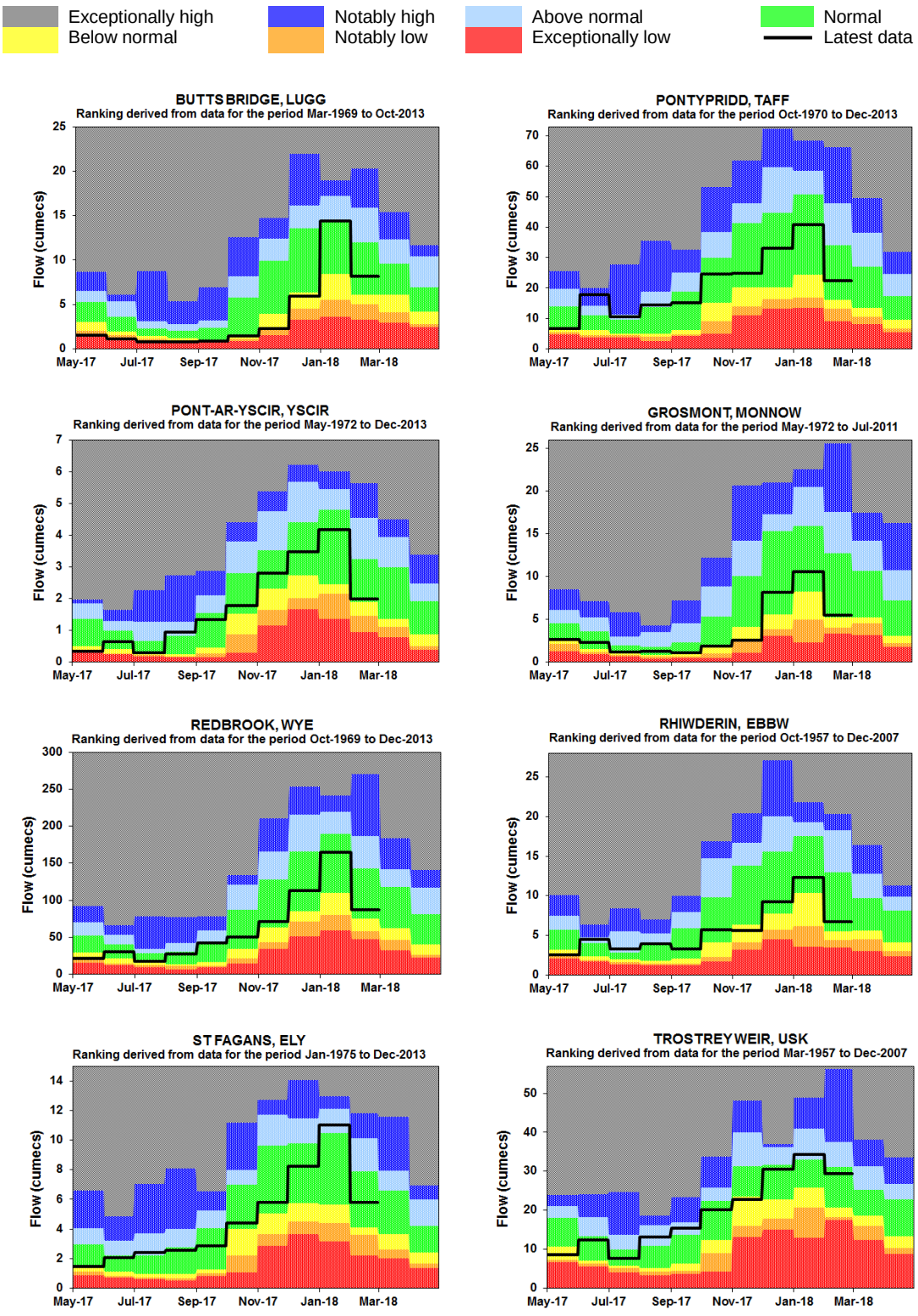
River Flow Charts

Figure 12: River Flow Charts: South East Wales



Monthly mean river flows for the last 10 months classed relative to the analysis of historic river levels (*Source: Natural Resources Wales*).

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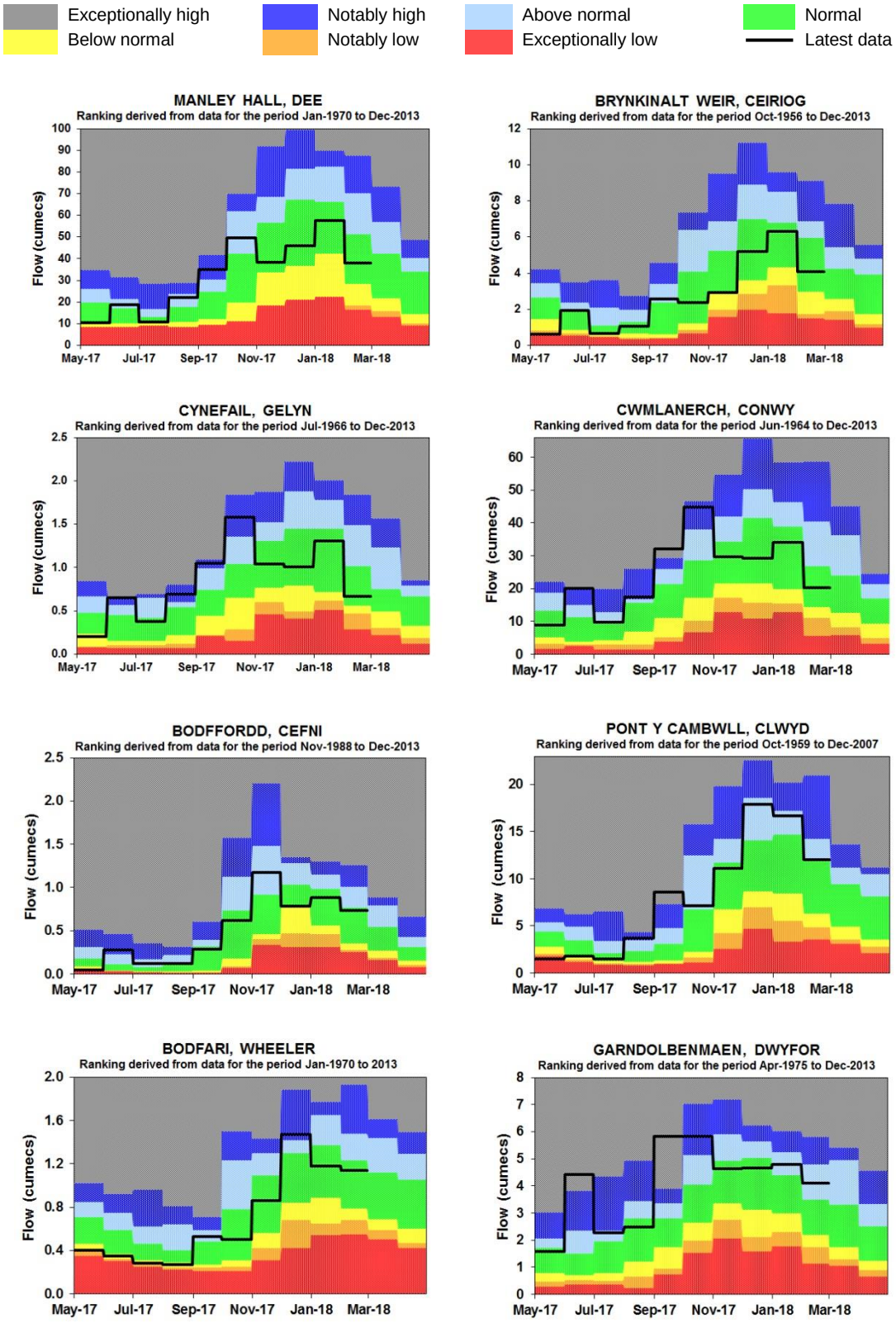
Figure 13: River Flow Charts: North Wales



Monthly mean river flows for the last 10 months classed relative to the analysis of historic river levels (*Source: Natural Resources Wales*).

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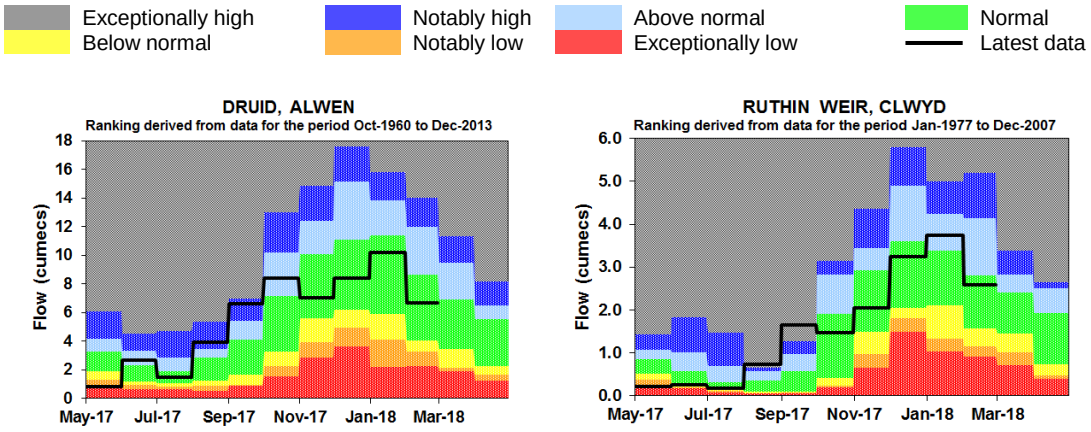
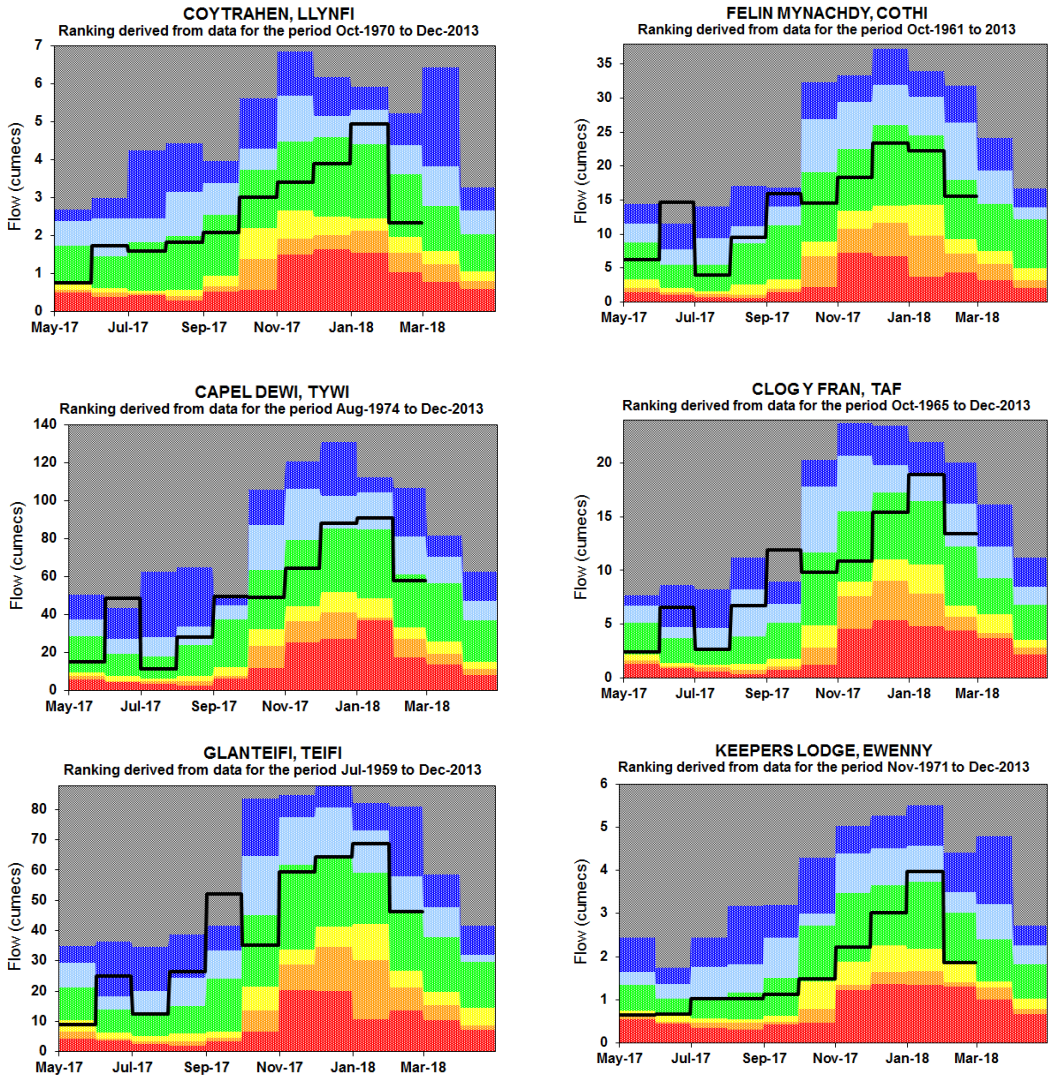


Figure 14: River Flow Charts: South West Wales



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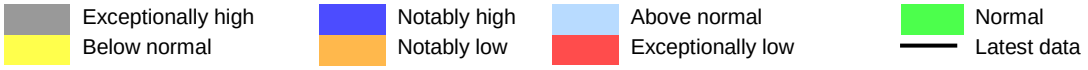

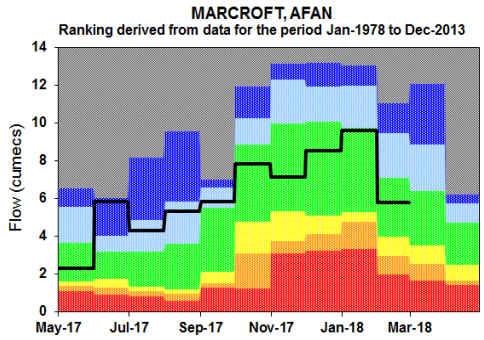

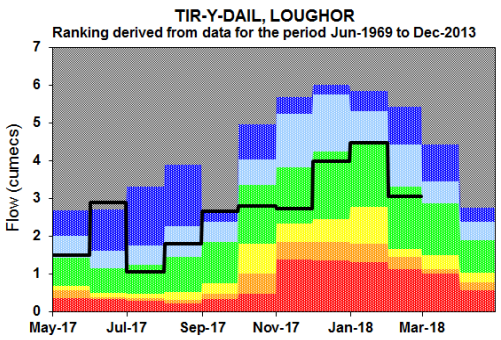

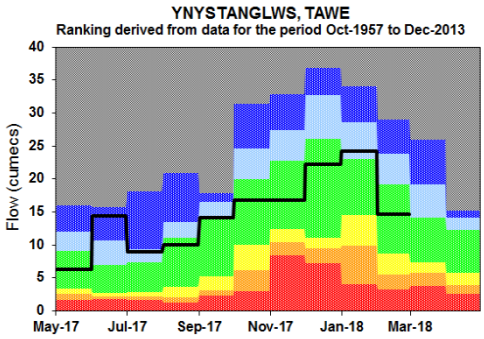

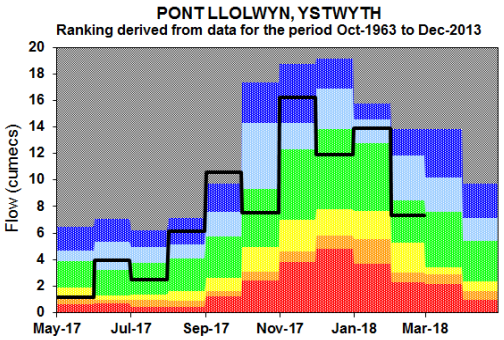

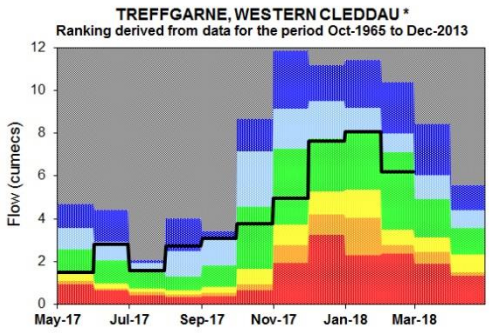

Monthly mean river flows for the last 10 months classed relative to the analysis of historic river levels. *(Source: Natural Resources Wales).*

(* Please note that for Treffgarne station the ranking bands were derived using scaled historical flows (1965-2003) from the downstream station at Prendergast Mill)

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Groundwater Levels

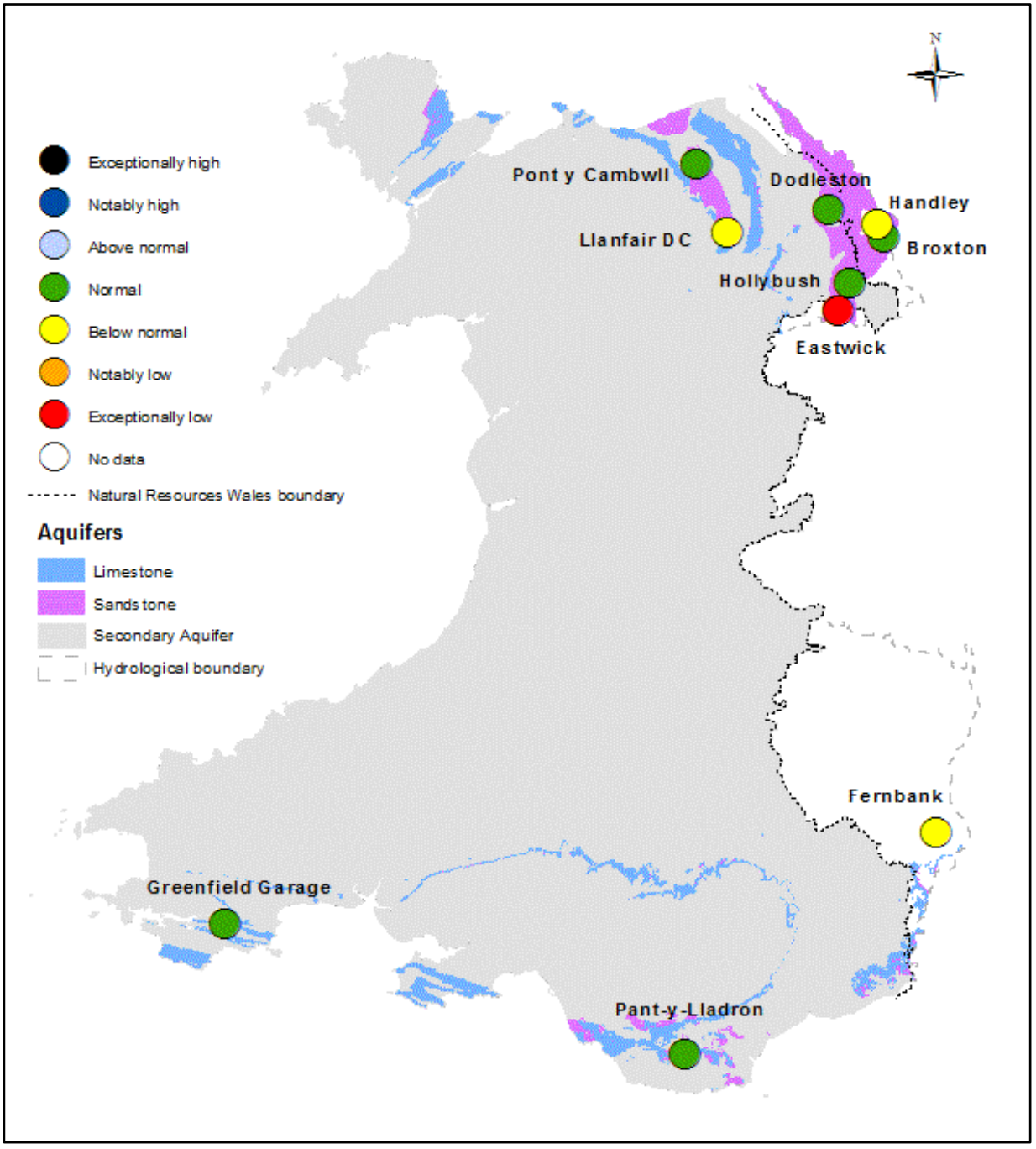

Figure 15: Groundwater levels at the end of month classed relative to an analysis of historic February groundwater levels *(Source: Natural Resources Wales and Environment Agency).*

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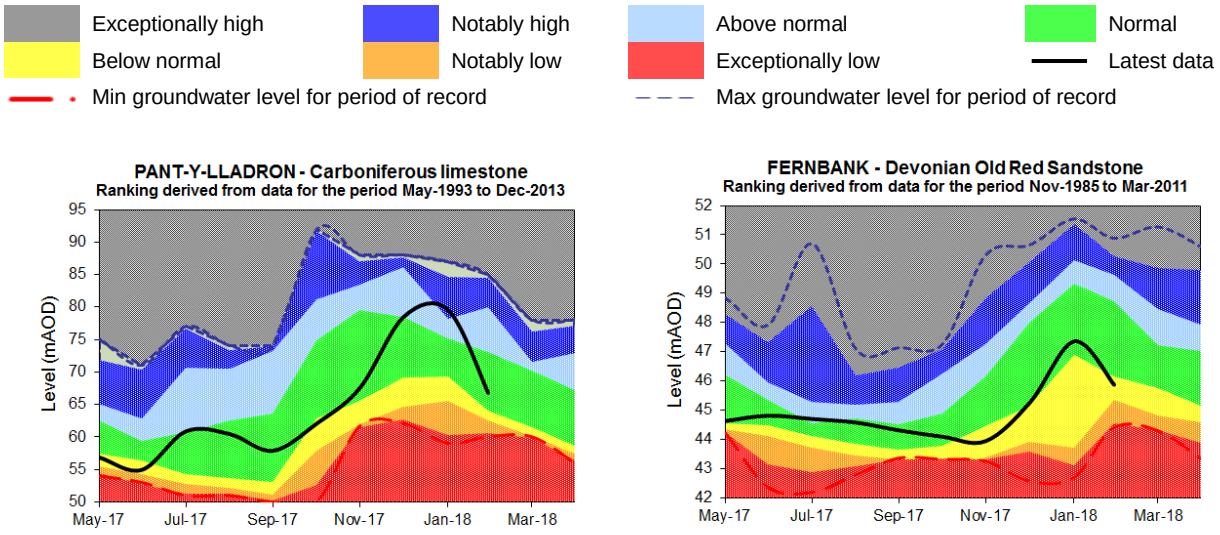
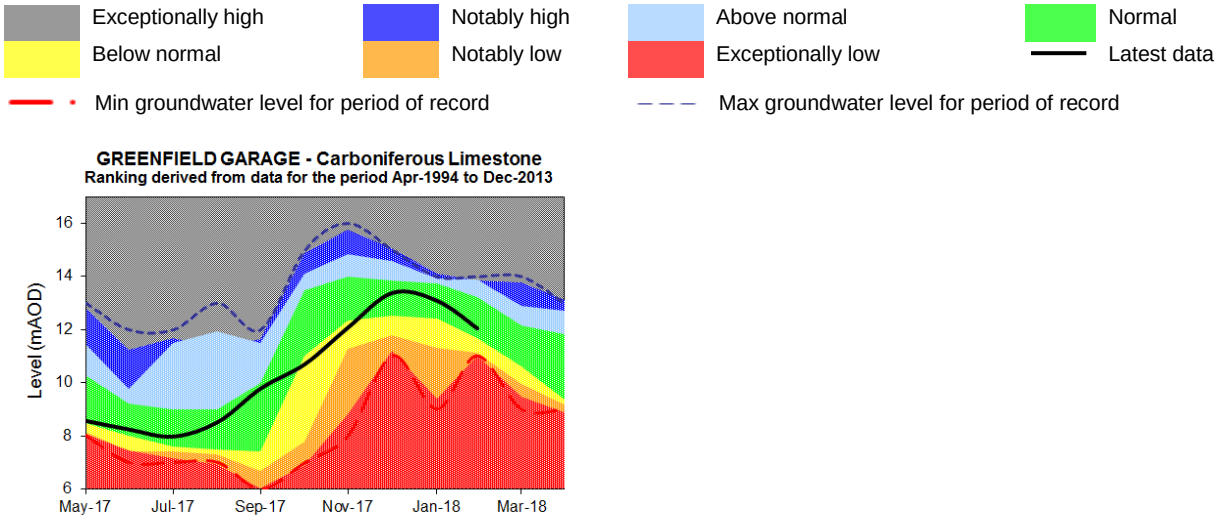
Groundwater charts

Figure 16: Groundwater level charts: South East Wales



End of month groundwater levels for the past 10 months for index sites *(Source: Natural Resources Wales).*

Figure 17: Groundwater level charts: South West Wales



End of month groundwater levels for the past 10 months for index sites *(Source: Natural Resources Wales).*

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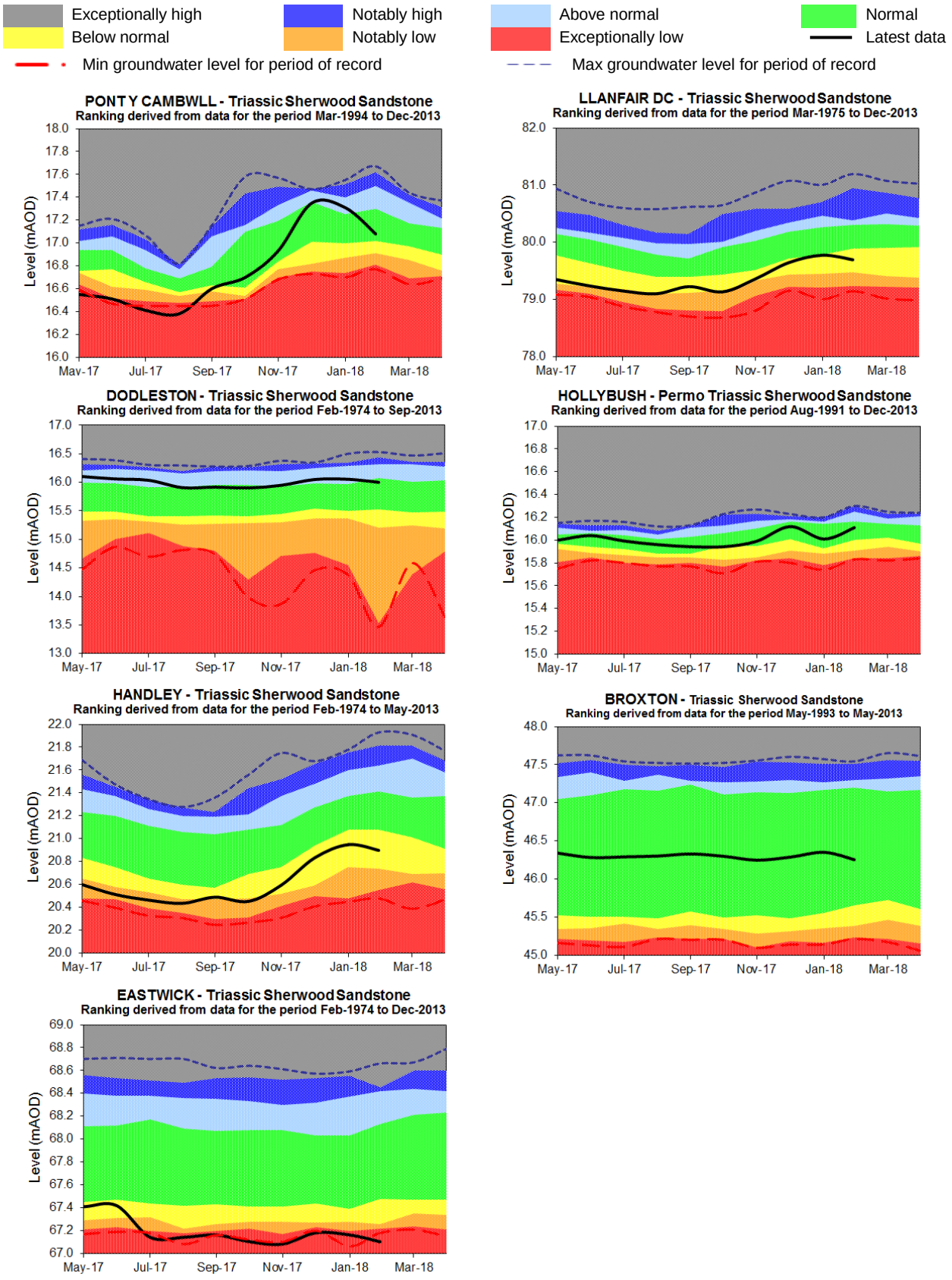
Figure 18: Groundwater level charts: North Wales



End of month groundwater levels for the past 10 months for index sites *(Source: Natural Resources Wales and Environment Agency)*. (Please note that there is no data for Hollybush for Nov, Dec 2017 and Jan 2018)

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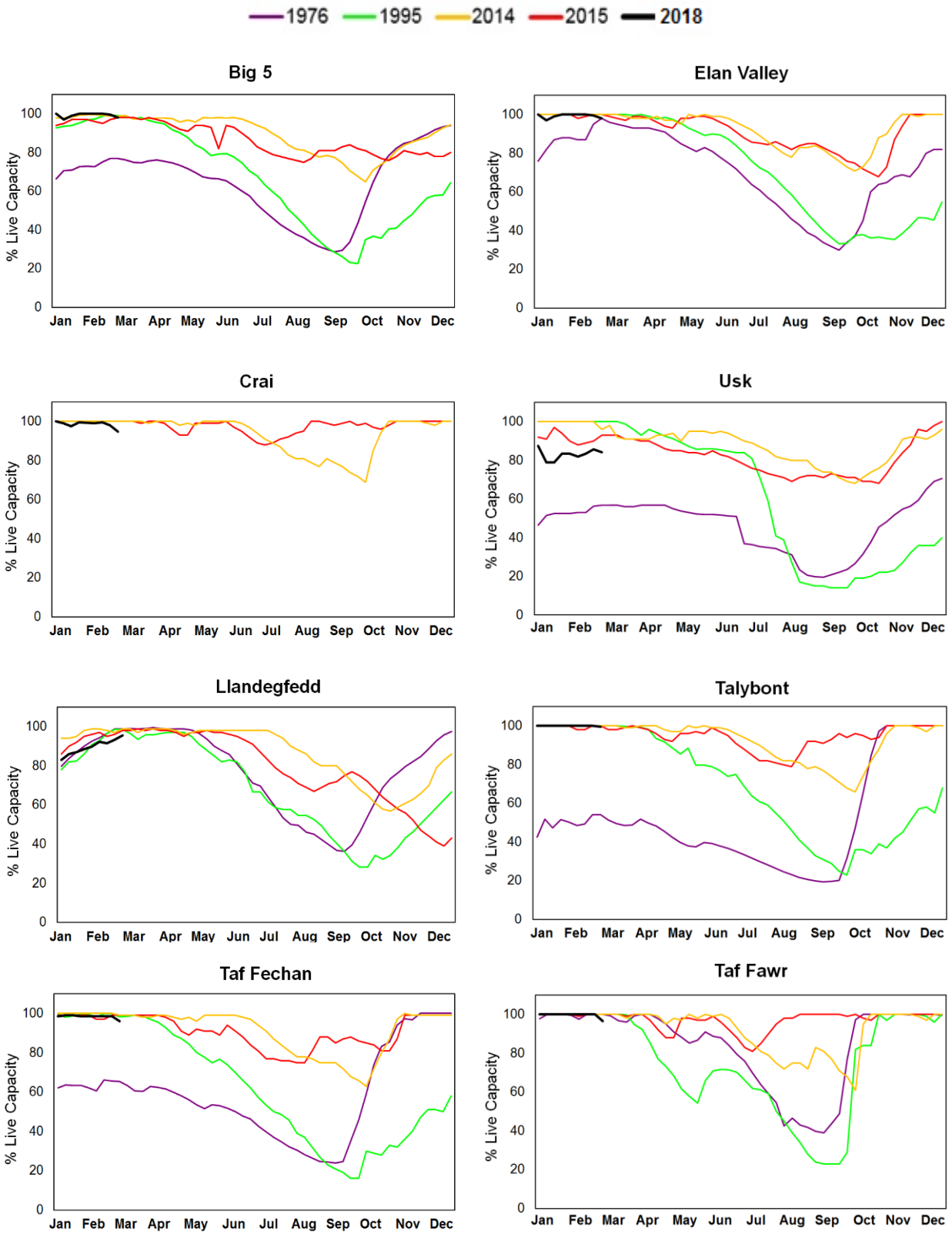
Reservoir Storage

Figure 19: Reservoir charts: South East Wales



Weekly reservoir stocks for Natural Resources Wales index sites *(Source: Welsh Water)*

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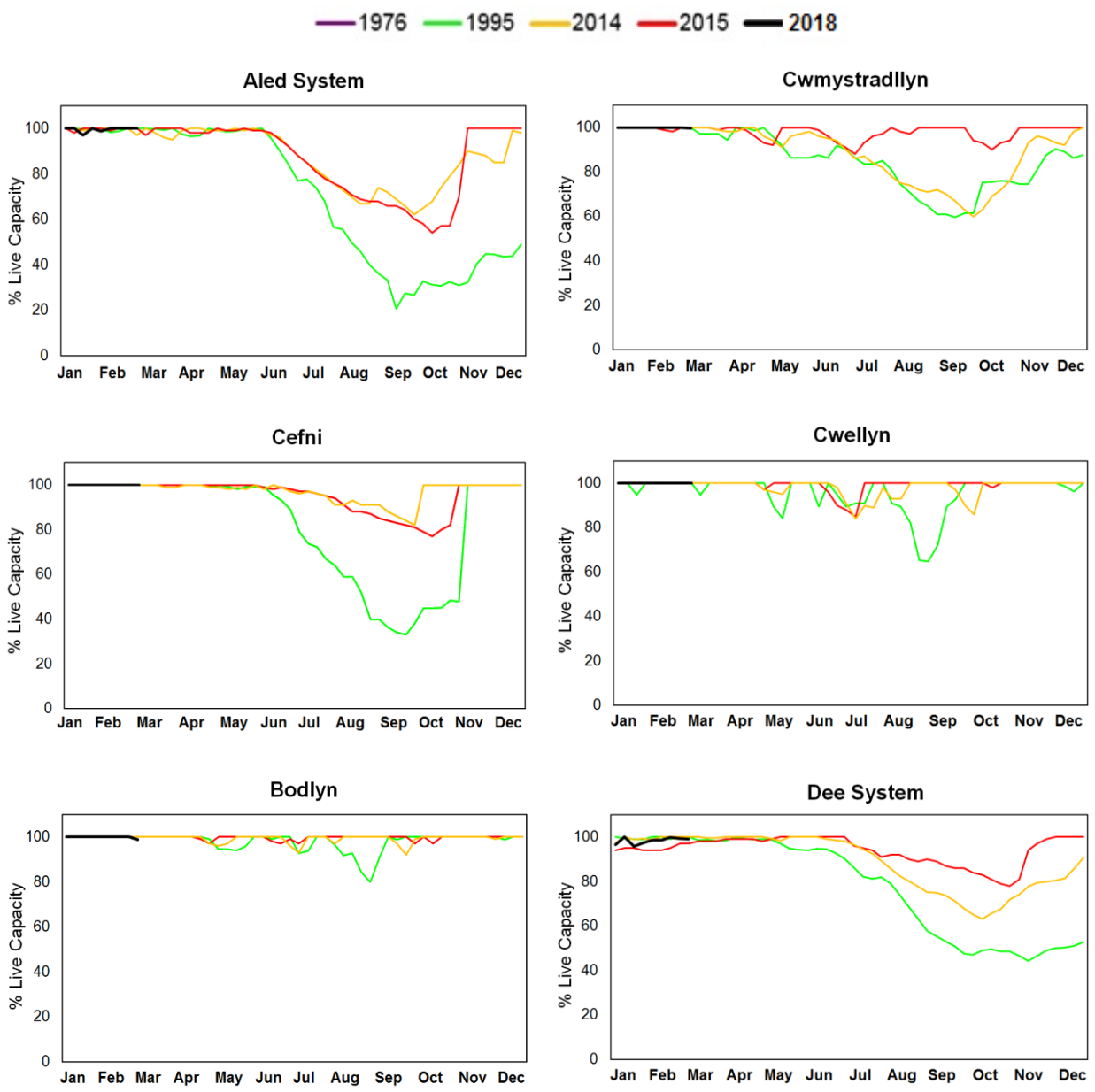
Figure 20: Reservoirs charts: North Wales



Weekly reservoir stocks for Natural Resources Wales index sites *(Source: Welsh Water).*

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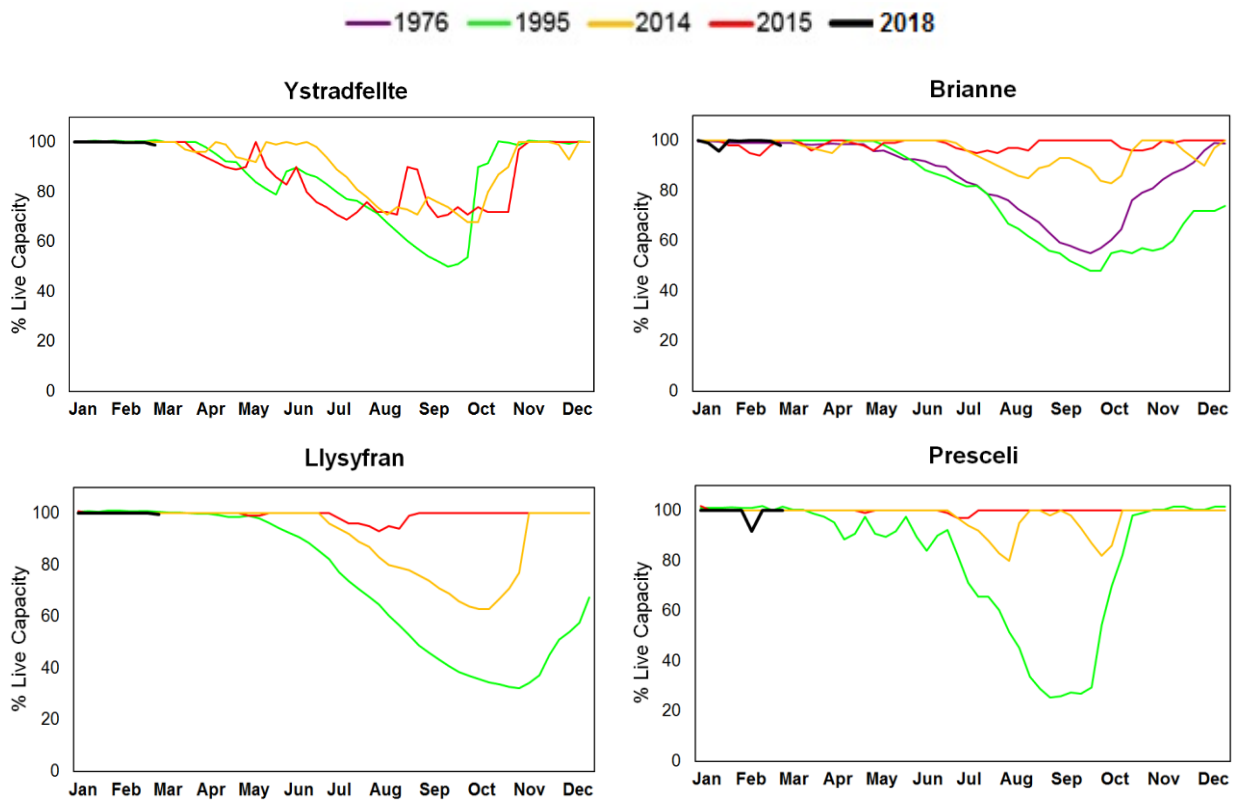
Figure 21: Reservoirs charts: South West Wales



Weekly reservoir stocks for Natural Resources Wales index sites (*Source: Welsh Water*).

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Glossary

Term	Definition
Aquifer	A geological formation able to store and transmit water.
Areal average rainfall	The estimated average depth of rainfall over a defined area. Expressed in depth of water (mm).
Effective rainfall	The rainfall available to percolate into the soil or produce river flow. Expressed in depth of water (mm).
Groundwater	The water found in an aquifer
Meteorological Office Rainfall and Evaporation Calculating System (MORECS)	The Met Office provides climate data for grid squares measuring 40km by 40km across the UK using MORECS
Recharge	The process of increasing the water stored in the saturated zone of an aquifer. Expressed in depth of water (mm).
Reservoir live capacity	The reservoir capacity normally usable for storage to meet established reservoir operating requirements. It is the total capacity less that not available because of operating agreements or physical restrictions. Only under abnormal conditions, such as a severe water shortage might this additional water be extracted.
Soil moisture deficit (SMD)	The difference between the amount of water actually in the soil and the amount of water that the soil can hold. Expressed in depth of water (mm).

Categories

Exceptionally high	Value likely to fall within this band 5% of the time
Notably high	Value likely to fall within this band 8% of the time
Above normal	Value likely to fall within this band 15% of the time
Normal	Value likely to fall within this band 44% of the time
Below normal	Value likely to fall within this band 15% of the time
Notably low	Value likely to fall within this band 8% of the time
Exceptionally low	Value likely to fall within this band 5% of the time

Units

cumecs	Cubic metres per second ($m^3 s^{-1}$)
mAOD	Metres Above Ordnance Datum (mean sea level at Newlyn Cornwall).